## **House of Representatives**



General Assembly

File No. 280

January Session, 2017

Substitute House Bill No. 5764

House of Representatives, March 29, 2017

The Committee on Public Health reported through REP. STEINBERG of the 136th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

## AN ACT CONCERNING THE LICENSING OF BARBERS AND HAIRDRESSERS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 20-236 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2017*):
- 3 (a) (1) Any person desiring to obtain a license as a barber shall apply 4 in writing on forms furnished by the Department of Public Health and 5 shall pay to the department a fee of one hundred dollars. The 6 department shall not issue a license until the applicant has made 7 written application to the department, setting forth by affidavit that 8 the applicant has (A) (i) successfully completed the eighth grade, (ii) completed a course of not less than one thousand hours of study in a 10 school approved in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or, 11 if trained outside of Connecticut, in a barber school or college whose 12 requirements are equivalent to those of a Connecticut barber school or 13 college, and (iii) passed a written examination satisfactory to the 14 department, or (B) if the applicant is an apprentice, (i) successfully

completed the eighth grade, (ii) completed an apprenticeship approved by the Labor Department and conducted in accordance with sections 31-22m to 31-22u, inclusive, and (iii) passed a written examination satisfactory to the Department of Public Health. Examinations required for licensure under this chapter shall be prescribed by the department with the advice and assistance of the board. The department shall establish a passing score for examinations required under this chapter with the advice and assistance of the board. No license issued in accordance with the provisions of this chapter may be assigned or transferred to another person.

- (2) Any person who holds a license at the time of application to practice the occupation of barbering in any other state, the District of Columbia or in a commonwealth or territory of the United States, and was issued such license on the basis of successful completion of a program of education and training in barbering and an examination, shall be eligible for licensing in this state and entitled to a license without examination upon payment of a fee of one hundred dollars.
- (3) Any person who holds a license to practice the occupation of barbering in any other state, the District of Columbia, or in a commonwealth or territory of the United States, and has held such license for a period of not less than forty years, shall be eligible for licensure without examination. No license shall be issued under this section to any applicant against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the subject of an unresolved complaint.
- (b) (1) Barber schools shall obtain approval pursuant to this section prior to commencing operation. In the event that an approved school undergoes a change of ownership or location, such approval shall become void and the school shall apply for a new approval pursuant to this section. Applications for such approval shall be on forms prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health. In the event that a school fails to comply with the provisions of this subsection, no credit toward the one thousand hours of study required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be granted to any student for

instruction received prior to the effective date of school approval.

(2) The Commissioner of Public Health, in consultation with the Connecticut Examining Board for Barbers, Hairdressers and Cosmeticians, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to prescribe minimum curriculum requirements for barber schools. The commissioner, in consultation with said board, may adopt a curriculum and procedures for the approval of barber schools, provided the commissioner prints notice of intent to adopt regulations concerning the adoption of a curriculum and procedures for the approval of barber schools in the Connecticut Law Journal not later than thirty days after the date of implementation of such curriculum and such procedures. The curriculum and procedures implemented pursuant to this section shall be valid until such time final regulations are adopted.

- (c) No person applying for licensure as a barber under this chapter
  shall be required to submit to a state or national criminal history
  records check as a prerequisite to licensure.
- Sec. 2. Section 20-252 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2017*):
  - (a) No person shall engage in the occupation of registered hairdresser and cosmetician without having obtained a license from the department. Persons desiring such licenses shall apply in writing on forms furnished by the department. No license shall be issued, except a renewal of a license, to a registered hairdresser and cosmetician unless the applicant has shown to the satisfaction of the department that the applicant has complied with the laws and the regulations administered or adopted by the department. No applicant shall be licensed as a registered hairdresser and cosmetician, except by renewal of a license, until the applicant has made written application to the department, setting forth by affidavit that the applicant has successfully completed the ninth grade and that the applicant has completed a course of not less than fifteen hundred hours of study in a school approved in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, in a

school teaching hairdressing and cosmetology under the supervision of the State Board of Education, or, if trained outside of Connecticut, in a school teaching hairdressing and cosmetology whose requirements are equivalent to those of a Connecticut school and until the applicant has passed a written examination satisfactory to the department. Examinations required for licensure under this chapter shall be prescribed by the department with the advice and assistance of the board. The department shall establish a passing score for examinations with the advice and assistance of the board which shall be the same as the passing score established in section 20-236, as amended by this act.

- 91 <u>(b) No person applying for licensure as a hairdresser and</u> 92 <u>cosmetician under this chapter shall be required to submit to a state or</u> 93 <u>national criminal history records check as a prerequisite to licensure.</u>
- 94 Sec. 3. Subdivision (6) of subsection (a) of section 19a-14 of the 95 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu 96 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2017*):
  - (6) Determine the eligibility of all applicants for permits, licensure, certification or registration, based upon compliance with the general statutes and administrative regulations. The department may deny the eligibility of an applicant for a permit or for licensure by examination, endorsement, reciprocity or for reinstatement of a license voided pursuant to subsection (f) of section 19a-88, voluntarily surrendered or, by agreement, not renewed or reinstated pursuant to subsection (d) of section 19a-17, or may issue a license pursuant to a consent order containing conditions that must be met by the applicant if the department determines that the applicant:
  - (A) Has failed to comply with the general statutes and administrative regulations governing the applicant's profession;
  - (B) [Has] Except any applicant for licensure as a barber under chapter 386 or a hairdresser and cosmetician under chapter 387, has been found guilty or convicted as a result of an act which constitutes a felony under (i) the laws of this state, (ii) federal law or (iii) the laws of

another jurisdiction and which, if committed within this state, would have constituted a felony under the laws of this state;

- (C) Is subject to a pending disciplinary action or unresolved complaint before the duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of any state, the District of Columbia, a United States possession or territory, or a foreign jurisdiction;
- (D) Has been subject to disciplinary action similar to an action specified in subsection (a) of section 19a-17 by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of any state, the District of Columbia, a United States possession or territory, or a foreign jurisdiction;
- (E) Has committed an act which, if the applicant were licensed, would not conform to the accepted standards of practice of the profession, including, but not limited to, incompetence, negligence, fraud or deceit; illegal conduct; procuring or attempting to procure a license, certificate or registration by fraud or deceit; or engaging in, aiding or abetting unlicensed practice of a regulated profession, provided the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, gives notice and holds a hearing, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, prior to denying an application for a permit or a license based on this subparagraph; or
- (F) Has a condition which would interfere with the practice of the applicant's profession, including, but not limited to, physical illness or loss of skill or deterioration due to the aging process, emotional disorder or mental illness, abuse or excessive use of drugs or alcohol, provided the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, gives notice and holds a hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, prior to denying an application for a permit or a license based on this subparagraph;

| This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following |                       |        |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| sections:   |                       |        |  |  |  |
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| Section 1   | October 1, 2017       | 20-236 |  |  |  |

| Sec. 2 | October 1, 2017 | 20-252       |
|--------|-----------------|--------------|
| Sec. 3 | October 1, 2017 | 19a-14(a)(6) |

### Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In Section 2(a), ", as amended by this act" was inserted for statutory consistency, and in Sections 2(b) and 3, "and cosmetician" was added for statutory consistency.

PH Joint Favorable Subst. -LCO

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

#### State Impact:

| Agency Affected     | Fund-Effect                 | FY 18 \$ | FY 19 \$ |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------|----------|
| Resources of the GF | GF - Potential Revenue Gain | Minimal  | Minimal  |

Note: GF=General Fund

#### Municipal Impact: None

#### Explanation

The bill may generate minimal General Fund revenue to the extent that state/national criminal background checks have been a barrier to individuals seeking licensure as a barber or hairdresser. The fee for an initial license is \$100 and it is the same fee to renew a license biannually.

#### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact would continue into the out years to the extent that individuals that would not have sought licensure as a barber or hairdresser due to state/national criminal background checks now become licensed.

# OLR Bill Analysis sHB 5764

## AN ACT CONCERNING THE LICENSING OF BARBERS AND HAIRDRESSERS.

#### SUMMARY

This bill exempts barbers, hairdressers, and cosmeticians from having to submit to a state or national criminal history records check as a pre requisite to state licensure. It also prohibits the Department of Public Health (DPH) from taking the following actions with respect to an applicant for a barber, hairdresser, or cosmetician license solely because he or she was found guilty or convicted of a felony: (1) denying an application for licensure by examination or endorsement, (2) denying reinstatement of a license, or (3) issuing a conditional license.

By law, a person must be licensed by DPH to practice these occupations.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2017

#### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Public Health Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 23 Nay 1 (03/15/2017)